and confirmation should be made with patients' clinical management team.

UTSW CVICU and PICU: High Risk Clinical Indicators Checklist (check all that apply)*	
Respiratory	 □ Mean airway pressure >16 cm H₂0 □ Fi02>80% on invasive positive pressure ventilation □ Pulmonary hypertension requiring iNO therapy □ On continuous infusion of Treprostinil (Remodulin) or Epoprostenol (Flolan) □ Intubation/Extubation of known difficult airway □ Intubation / Extubation of patient with severe cardiac dysfunction, EF < 20% □ Intubation or procedural sedation for anterior mediastinal mass. □ Intubated patient being proned intermittently.
CVICU Specific Circulatory	 □ Bleeding requiring >20 mL/kg pRBCs or whole blood within last 24 hours □ Hemodynamically significant arrhythmia within last 24 hours □ Severe cardiac dysfunction (EF <20% or A-V O2 difference of >40%) □ Use of any 2 vasoactive medications or single drug for shock (including dopamine > 10 or epi/norepi > 0.1 mcg/kg/min, any dose AVP/phenylephrine/dobutamine) □ Life threatening event requiring code/emergency response activation including cardiac arrest/CPR within last 24 hours □ Patient is on VA- or VV-ECMO or VAD □ ECMO decannulation and/or circuit failure within last 24 hours □ Post-operative Stage I/shunted palliation, truncus with IAA repair or neonate s/p tricuspid valve repositioning for Ebsteins within last 48 hours □ First post-operative day:
Neurologic	$\ \square$ Elevated ICP requiring blood pressure augmentation to support CPP (sustained elevated ICP >20 cm H ₂ 0)
Metabolic	 □ Initiation of any extracorporeal circuit □ K >7.0, Mg < 1 , or iCa < 0.9 □ pH <7.10 □ Lactate >8mmol/L, or increase in lactate by more than 4mmol/L in 2 hours
High Risk Procedure	☐ Intubation or procedural sedation for anterior mediastinal mass, developing tamponade physiology or heart failure
Provider Intuition	☐ Provider intuition (e.g., patient being prone or too unstable for routine daily care)
Other	□ Patient not tolerating routine daily nursing care □ Initiation of continuous renal replacement therapy □ Risk factor other than what is listed above. Describer further here: